tors of the county without regard to the source from which such funds may be derived. However a proposition need not be submitted to the qualified electors to expend federal revenue-sharing funds for a men-tal health or mental retardation project or when a relocation and re-placement is made necessary by the acquisition of county property for a federal or state project, and the cost of the relocation does not exceed the amount of the award of damages by the state or federal govern-ment. When the probable project cost exceeds fifty thousand dollars, the board shall provide notice and hold a public hearing on the proj-

When the expenditures authorized in this section exceed seventy-five thousand dollars and the proposition need not be submitted to the voters, the board of supervisors shall hold a public hearing on the proposition. Notice of the hearing shall be published at least two weeks prior to the hearing, in the newspaper published in the county having the largest circulation in the county. In determining whether the expenditure should be made, the board of supervisors shall give full consideration to the testimony given during the hearing.

Approved June 6, 1975

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CHAPTER 141

JUVENILE COURT EMPLOYEES

H. F. 670

AN ACT relating to the salaries of juvenile court employees.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Section two hundred thirty-one point eight (231.8), Code

1975, is amended to read as follows:

231.8 Probation officers—salaries. The judge designated as judge of the juvenile court in any county, or where there is more than one judge designated such judges acting jointly, may appoint such probation officers as may be necessary to carry out the work of the court. In counties where more than one officer is appointed one of such officers shall be designated as chief probation officer. The salaries of such officers shall be fixed by the judge or judges making the appointments but in no case shall the salary of a chief probation officer exceed sixteen thousand dollars per year nor shall the salary of a deputy probation officer exceed fourteen thousand dollars per year a probation officer committee of three judicial officers of the judicial district appointed by the chief judge of the district. One member of the committee shall be a district judge, district associate judge or magistrate regularly assigned to preside over the juvenile court within a county in that district.

Probation officers may be appointed to serve two or more counties. The salaries of such officers and their deputies, if any, shall be fixed by the judges the probation officer committee of district court judges appointed by the chief judge of the judicial district who are designated juvenile court judges for such counties and such salaries and the expenses of the probation offices shall be prorated among the counties served in such proportion as may be determined by said the judges committee of district court judges appointed by the chief judge of the judicial district who shall in making such determination, consider

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27 the volume of work in the several counties. Such officers may be paid 28 not to exceed fourteen thousand dollars per year.

All probation officers so appointed shall serve at the pleasure of the juvenile court judge or judges probation officer committee appointed by the chief judge of the judicial district and shall be selected and appointed in accordance with such rules, standards, and qualifications as shall be established by the supreme court pursuant to section 684.21. The provision of this section shall not affect in any way the appointment or term of office of any probation officer presently serving in any county or counties.

Such secretarial and, clerical, and other help as may be needed in the administration of any probation office may be appointed by the judge or judges of the juvenile court who may fix their salaries, subject to the approval of the board of supervisors, at not more than nine thousand dollars per year.

Approved June 16, 1975

CHAPTER 142

JUVENILES

S. F. 358

AN ACT relating to neglected, dependent, and delinquent children.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- SECTION 1. Section two hundred thirty-two point two (232.2), sub-2 section twelve (12), Code 1975, is amended by striking paragraphs c $\bar{3}$ and d.
 - SEC. 2. Section two hundred thirty-two point two (232.2), subsections thirteen (13) and fourteen (14), Code 1975, are amended by striking the subsections and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

 13. "Child in need of assistance" means a child:

- a. Who is without a parent, guardian, or other custodian.
 b. Who is in need of special care and treatment required by his physical or mental condition which the parents, guardian, or other custodian is unable to provide.
- c. Whose parents, guardian, or other custodian for good cause desires to be relieved of his care and custody.
- d. Who is abandoned by his parents, guardian, or other custodian. e. Who for good cause desires to have his parents relieved of his care and custody.
- f. Who is without proper parental care because of the emotional, mental, or physical disability, or state of immaturity of his parents, guardian, or other custodian.
 - g. Who is without proper parental care because of the faults or habits of his parents, guardian, or other custodian.
- h. Who is living under conditions injurious to his mental or physical 19 20 health or welfare.
 - i. Who is uncontrolled by his parents, guardian, or legal custodian by reason of being wayward or habitually disobedient.
- j. Who habitually deports himself in a manner that is injurious to 2324 himself or others.